

Selective Service System 1974 Random Selection Sequence

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Selective Service System 1974 Random

selective service system 1974 random selection sequence, by month and day. created date: 4/30/2015 1:11:10 pm ...

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM 1974 RANDOM SELECTION SEQUENCE ...

1969 to 1975. On 26 November 1969, 37th President Richard Nixon signed an amendment to the Military Selective Service Act of 1967 (Selective Service Act of 1948) that established conscription based on random selection (lottery).

Selective Service System - Wikipedia

The last draft call was on December 7, 1972, and the authority to induct expired on June 30, 1973. The date of the last drawing for the lottery was on March 12, 1975. Registration with the Selective Service System was suspended on April 1, 1975, and registrant processing was suspended on January 27, 1976.

Vietnam Lotteries | Selective Service System : Selective ...

1974 - 1976 selective service draft results: Revised June 2018: The Vietnam draft ended by June of 1973, but for the next three years the lotteries continued. In some cases potential draftees were called for physicals, but more frequently were classified as 1-H and never reported for duty.

SSS1974to1976 - genuineideas

The Nixon White House and the Selective Service System claimed they made a great effort to produce a random result, one that was as fair as possible. Pentagon experts, at the time, estimated that anyone with a number over 200 was unlikely to get drafted.

How the Vietnam draft wasn't as random as you think ...

The table below the lottery numbers, by birth date, for the US Selective Service lotteries held from 1969 to 1972 (during the Vietnam war). The first two variables define the birth date: M, the month (from 1 for January to 12 for December) and D, the day of the month. The remaining variables give the draft lottery numbers assigned to the birthdays:

Vietnam Draft Lottery Data - Random Services

Source: Selective Service System Results for Men Facing the Draft in 1973. Lottery Numbers by Birth Date for Selective Service Lottery held February 2, 1972. (The draft ended on July 1, 1973). This lottery determined the order in which men born in 1953 were called to report for induction

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into the military. February 2, 1972 Draft Lottery

Vietnam War Era Draft Lotteries - Bobscaping

The Selective Service System will start calling registered men age 18-25 for duty. The men will be called in a sequence determined by random lottery number and year of birth. The men will be examined for mental, physical, and moral fitness for military service.

Selective Service | USAGov

Selective Service System. The Selective Service System provides the Department of Defense personnel in the event of a national emergency. Male citizens and immigrants are required to register with the Selective Service when they turn 18.

Selective Service System | USAGov

In 1940 Congress passed the Selective Training and Service Act which created the first peacetime draft and established the Selective Service System as an independent federal agency. Until 1973, American men were drafted to fill the needs of the country's armed forces that could not be met by volunteers. The draft was abolished in 1973.

LOTTERY FACTS | The Vietnam War Draft Lottery

Selective Service System. Montana State Headquarters. 1940-1974 Organization Authority Record

Selective Service System. Montana State Headquarters. 1940 ...

Young women may soon be required to register with the U.S. Selective Service System, the U.S. government agency charged with implementing a draft in a national emergency. Top Army and Marine Corps ...

Co-Ed Selective Service Stirs Controversy

DRAFT_LOTTERY is a dataset directory which contains the numbers assigned to each birthday, for the Selective Service System lotteries for 1970 through 1976.. An analysis of the results for the 1970 lottery showed that a bias in the results, so that people born later in the year tended to have lower lottery numbers, and hence a greater likelihood of being drafted.

DRAFT_LOTTERY - Selective Service System Lottery Numbers

In 1940, President Franklin D. Roosevelt signed the Selective Training and Service Act, creating the country's first peacetime draft and officially establishing the Selective Service System. The draft continued from 1948, during both peacetime and war, to 1973, when President Richard M. Nixon signed legislation officially ending the draft.

Selective Service Records | National Archives

Since 1993, more than 1 million American men have requested a formal copy of their draft status from the Selective Service System, according to data obtained by USA TODAY under the Freedom of ...

Failing to register for draft has serious, long-term ...

A draft is the mandatory enrollment of individuals into the armed forces. The United States military has been all-volunteer since 1973. But an Act of Congress could still reinstate the draft in case of a national emergency. The Selective Service System is the agency that registers men and is responsible for running a draft.

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Next Steps / Selective Service

The booklet is designed to explain to young people whose lives may be affected by the Selective Service System the background to the standby Selective Service System as it exists today. It offers information as to the evolution and background, the purpose, and the procedures employed by Selective Service. The bulk of the booklet deals with "Why We Need the Selective Service System" and ...

ERIC - ED105204 - Why Selection Service: An Instructional ...

The Selective Service System is an independent agency of the United States government that maintains information on those potentially subject to military conscription. Virtually all male U.S. citizens and male immigrant non-citizens between the ages of 18 and 25 are required by law to have registered within 30 days of their 18th birthdays and must notify Selective Service within ten days of any ...

Selective Service System — Wikipedia Republished // WIKI 2

In 1973 conscription was abolished in favor of an all-volunteer army. President Gerald R. Ford granted clemency to many draft resisters in 1974, and President Jimmy Carter granted amnesty to draft resisters in 1977. In 1980, Congress reinstated draft registration for men 18 to 25 years old.

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